HAMPSHIRE COLLEGE PREPARTICIPATION ATHLETICS PHYSICAL EVALUATION and HISTORY FORM



(Note: This form is to be filled out by the patient prior to seeing healthcare provider.)

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Date of Exam:						
Name:	Date of Birth:					
	Medicines and					
Do you have any allergies? Yes No If yes, please identify specif Answers below. Circle questions you don't know the answers to.						
<u>GENERAL QUESTIONS</u> <u>YES</u> 1. Has a provider ever denied or restricted your participation in sports for any reason?	NO BONE AND JOINT QUESTIONS YES NO 17. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused you to miss a practice or game? 18. Have you ever had any broken or fractured bones or					
2. Do you have any ongoing medical conditions? If so,please identify : Asthma Anemia Diabetes Infections Other3. Have you ever spent the night in the hospital?4. Have ever had surgery?	 dislocated joints? 19. Have you ever had an injury that required x-rays, MRI, CT scan, injections, therapy, a brace, a cast, or crutches? 20. Have you ever had a stress fracture? 21. Have you ever been told that you have or have you had an x-ray 					
HEART QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUYES5. Have you ever passed out or nearly passed outDURINGor AFTER exercise?6. Have you ever had discomfort, pain, tightness, or pressure						
 in your chest during exercise? 7. Does your heart ever race or skip beats (irregular beats) during exercise? 8.Has a provider ever told you that you have any heart problems?If so, check all that apply: High blood pressure High cholesterol Kawasaki disease A heart murmur 	look red? 25. Do you have any history of juvenile arthritis or connective tissue disease? <u>MEDICAL QUESTIONS</u> 26. Do you cough, wheeze, or have difficulty breathing during or after exercise? <u>YES</u> NO					
 9. Has a provider ever ordered a test for your heart? (for example ECG/EKG, echocardiogram) 10. Do you get lightheaded or feel more short of breathe 	 27. Have you ever used an inhaler or taken asthma medicine? 28. Is there anyone in your family who has asthma? 29. Were you born without or are you missing a kidney, an eye, a testicle(males), your spleen, or any other organ? 30. Do you have groin pain or a painful bulge or hernia in the 					
 than expected during exercise? 11. Have you ever had an unexplained seizure? 12 .Do you get more tired or short of breath more quickly than your friends during exercise? 	 groin area? 31. Have you had infectious mononucleosis within the last month? 32. Do you have any rashes, pressure sores, or other skin problems? 33. Have you had a herpes or MRSA skin infection? 					
 13. Has any family member or relative died of heart problems or had an unexpected or unexplained sudden death before age 50 (including drowning, unexplained car accident, or sudden infant death syndrome)? 14. Does anyone in your family have hypertrophic cardio-myopathy,Marfan syndrome, arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy, long QT syndrome, short QT syndrome, Brugada syndrome, or catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia? 15. Does anyone in your family have a heart problem, 	 NO 34. Have you ever had a head injury or concussion? 35. Have you ever had a hit or blow to the head that caused confusion, prolonged headache, or memory problems? 36. Do you have a history of seizure disorder? 37. Do you have headaches with exercise? 38. Have you ever had numbness, tingling, or weakness in your arms or legs after being hit or falling? 39. Have you ever been unable to move your arms or legs after being hit or falling? 40. Have you ever become ill while exercising in the heat? 41. Do you get frequent muscle cramps when exercising? 					
pace maker, or implanted defibrillator? 16. Has anyone in your family had unexplained fainting, unexplained seizures, or near drowning?	42. Do you or someone in your family have sickle cell trait or disease?43. Have you had any problems with your eyes or vision?					

Explain "Yes" answers here:

I hereby state that, to the best of my knowledge, my answers to the above questions are complete and correct.

Signature of athlete_____ Date___

MEDICAL QUESTION- CONT.	YES NO	Provider Only
44. Have you ever had any eye injuries?45. Do you wear glasses or contact lenses?		Height Weight
46. Do you wear protective eyewear, such as goggles or a face shield?		BP () Pulse
47. Do you worry about your weight?48. Are you trying to or has anyone recommended that you gain or lose weight?		Vision R 20/ L 20/ Corrected Y N Screening for Sickle Cell Disease/Trait
49. Are you on a special diet or do you avoid certain types of foods?		 Discussed with athlete Yes No
50. Have you ever had an eating disorder?51. Do you have any concerns that you would like to discuss		\circ Testing completed: Yes No (circle one)
with a Healthcare provider?		 Result and date
52. Have you ever had a menstrual period?		
53. How old were you when you had your first period?		

Provider only below line

54.	How many	periods ha	ave you ł	had in the	e last 12 m	nonths?

NORMAL ABNORMAL FINDINGS MEDICAL Appearance - Marfan stigmata Eyes/ears/nose/throat - Pupils equal -Hearing Lymph nodes Heart - Murmurs - Location of point of max. impulse(PMI) Pulses - Simultaneous femoral and radial pulses Lungs Abdomen Genitourinary (males only) Skin - HSV, lesions suggestive of MRSA, tinea corporis Neurologic MUSCULOSKELETAL Neck Back Shoulder/arm Elbow/forearm Wrist/hand/fingers Hip/thigh Knee Leg/ankle Foot/toes Functional - Duck-walk, single leg hop

 \bigcirc Cleared for all sports without restriction

 \odot Cleared for all sports without restrictions with recommendations for further evaluation or treatment for_

Not cleared for: Pe	nding further evaluation	For any sports	For certain sports	
Reason:				
Recommendations:				
), NP, or PA			
	t/type)	Ac	ldress	Phone
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SICKLE CELL TRAIT

WHAT IS SICKLE CELL TRAIT?

Sickle cell trait is not a disease. Sickle cell trait is the inheritance of one gene for sickle hemoglobin and one for normal hemoglobin. Sickle cell trait will not turn into the disease. Sickle cell trait is a life-long condition that will not change over time.

- During intense exercise, red blood cells containing the sickle hemoglobin can change shape from round to quarter-moon, or "sickle."
- Sickled red cells may accumulate in the bloodstream during intense exercise, blocking normal blood flow to the tissues and muscles.
- During intense exercise, athletes with sickle cell trait have experienced significant physical distress, collapsed and even died.
- Heat, dehydration, altitude and asthma can increase the risk for and worsen complications associated with sickle cell trait, even when exercise is not intense.
- Athletes with sickle cell trait should not be excluded from participation as precautions can be put into place.

DO YOU KNOW IF YOU HAVE SICKLE CELL TRAIT?

People at high risk

for having sickle cell trait are those whose ancestors come from Africa, South or Central America, India, Saudi Arabia and Caribbean and Mediterranean countries.

HOW CAN I PREVENT A COLLAPSE?

- Know your sickle cell trait status.
- Engage in a slow and gradual preseason conditioning regimen.
- Build up your intensity slowly while training.
- Set your own pace. Use adequate rest and recovery between repetitions, especially during "gassers" and intense station or "mat" drills.
- Avoid pushing with all-out exertion longer than two to three minutes without a rest interval or a breather.
- If you experience symptoms such as muscle pain, abnormal weakness, undue fatigue or breathlessness, stop the activity immediately and notify your athletic trainer and/or coach.
- Stay well hydrated at all times, especially in hot and humid conditions.
- Avoid using high-caffeine energy drinks or supplements, or other stimulants, as they may contribute to dehydration.

- Sickle cell trait occurs in about 8 percent of the U.S. African-American population, and between one in 2,000 to one in 10,000 in the Caucasian population.
- Most U.S. states test at birth, but most athletes with sickle cell trait don't know they have it.
- The NCAA recommends that athletics departments confirm the sickle cell trait status in all student-athletes.
- Knowledge of sickle cell trait status can be a gateway to education and simple precautions that may prevent collapse among athletes with sickle cell trait, allowing you to thrive in your sport.



- Maintain proper asthma management.
- Refrain from extreme exercise during acute illness, if feeling ill, or while experiencing a fever.
- Beware when adjusting to a change in altitude, e.g., a rise in altitude of as little as 2,000 feet. Modify your training and request that supplemental oxygen be available to you.
- Seek prompt medical care when experiencing unusual physical distress.

For more information and resources, visit www.NCAA.org/health-safety