HAMPShIRE COLLEGE
CHEMICAL HAZARD COMMUNICATION PROGRAM

OSHA HazCom Standard Exemptions

1. The requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard do not apply to the following.
   b. Tobacco and tobacco products.
   c. Wood or wood products (exemption does not include wood dust or treated woods).
   d. Articles that are manufactured items that have a function dependent upon their shape or design and which do not release or otherwise result in exposure to a hazardous chemical under normal conditions of use.
   e. Consumer products as defined by the Consumer Product Safety Act when the employer can show they are used in the workplace in the same manner as normal consumer use and that workplace use results in no greater exposure than experienced by consumers.
   f. Food for personal consumption by employees while in the workplace, or food or alcoholic beverages sold, used or prepared in a retail establishment.
   g. Any drug defined by the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act that is in a solid form for direct administration to patients (e.g., pills), packaged for sale to consumers (over-the-counter drugs), or drugs intended for personal consumption by employees.
   h. Cosmetics packaged for sale in retail, and cosmetics intended for personal use in the workplace.
   i. Ionizing and nonionizing radiation, and biological hazards.

2. The labeling requirements of the HazCom Standard do not apply to:
   a. Pesticides labeled according to the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.
   b. Chemicals subject to EPA labeling requirements under the Toxic Substances Control Act.
   c. Food, food additive, color additive, drug, cosmetic, medical or veterinary device labeled according to the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.
   d. Alcoholic beverages intended for non-industrial use labeled according to the Federal Alcohol Administration Act.
   e. Consumer products labeled according to the Consumer Product Safety Act.
   f. Agricultural or vegetable seed treated with pesticides and labeled by the Federal Seed Act.